### Study Guide and Things to Think About

#### PE 101 2014

- The Families of our Theories
- Shifts in Political Economy over time
  - Changing relationship between society and the market
    - What the market is good at
    - Fatal flaws of the market (four of them)
      - Market values overtaking other values in social life
- Bring society back into political economy
  - On a local or national scale
    - Use the market as a tool
    - Redistribute income
    - Reduce the realm where money matters
  - On a global scale
    - Embedded liberalism and embedded environmentalism
    - Redistribute income globally
    - Empathic civilization
- Can our theories survive Shifts in the Business Cycle?
- Conclusion



#### I. "Families" of Modern Theories of Political Economy: Three Family Trees

#### Political Economy of Freedom: The Liberal Family

#### Economic Liberalism

- Neo-liberalism
- Comparative Advantage
- Rational choice theory

#### Political Liberalism

- Embedded liberalism (international Political liberalism)
- Keynesianism
- Hegemonic Stability Theory (International Political liberalism)
- Distributive Justice

#### More "relatives" in the Liberal Family

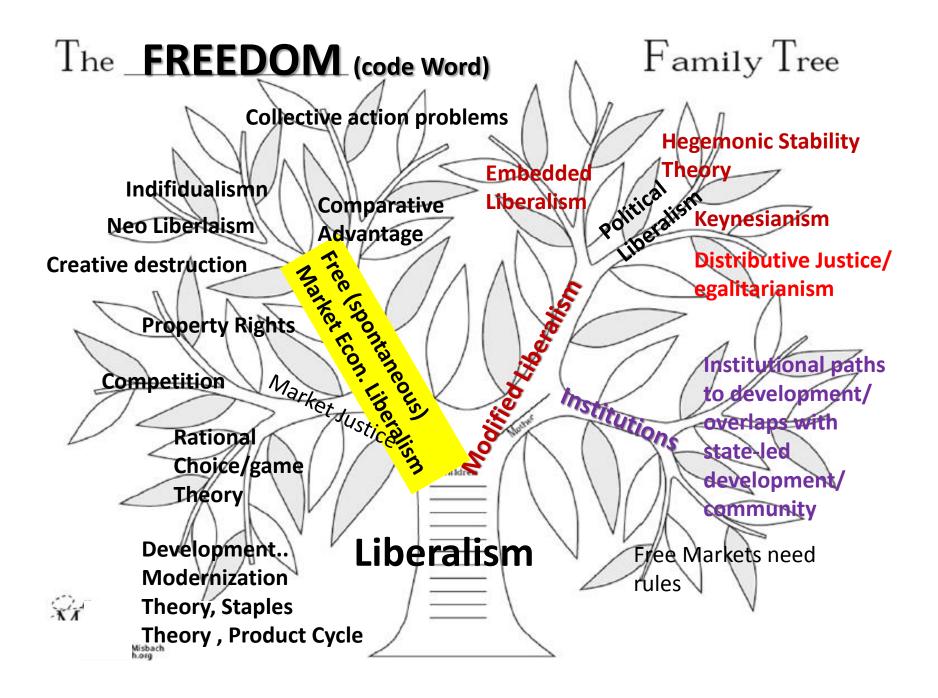
- Economic Liberalism Focused on Economic Development
  - Modernization theory (Rostow)
  - Staples Theory
  - Product-cycle theory
- State-led or institution-led liberalism focused on development
  - Institutional incentives and constraints
  - State-led development (East Asia)
  - Export oriented development

## Economic Liberal language: some terms

- Transaction costs
- Strategic interaction
- Stages of economic growth
- Property rights
- Laissez-faire
- Business cycle

### Policies

- Economic Liberal Policies
  - Minimal state intervention in markets
  - Structural adjustment
  - Multilateralism
  - Gold Standard.....
- Political Liberal Policies
  - Distributive Justice
  - Welfare state



### Political Economy of Equality : The Family

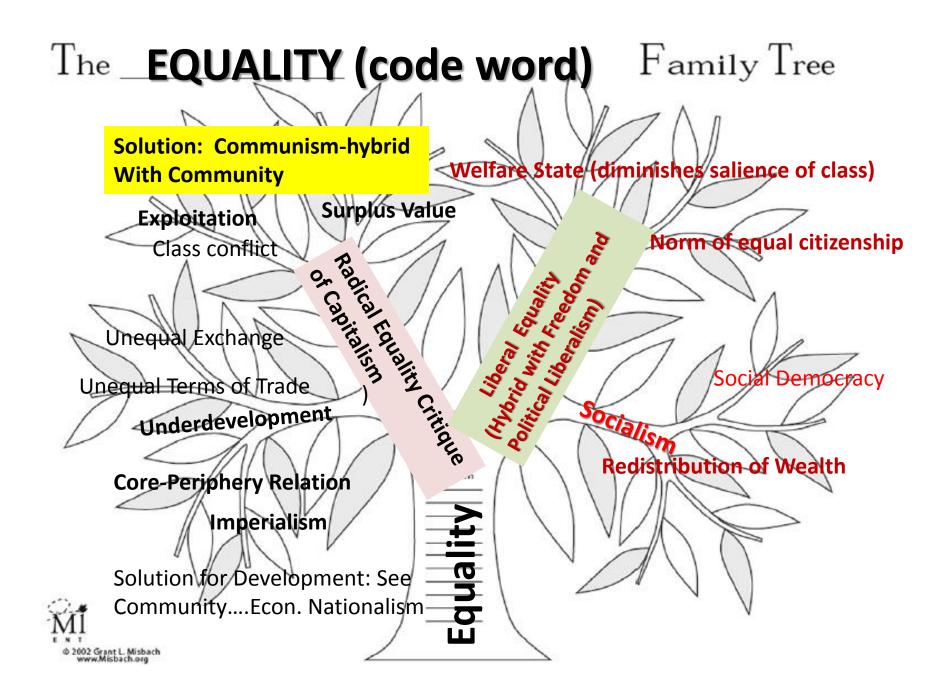
- Liberal Equality (Critique of Economic Liberalism and solution: Freedom with equality)
  - Democratic Socialism
  - Welfare State
  - Embedded Liberalism
  - Hegemonic Stability (means to ensure embedded liberalism)
  - Political liberalism (spans both the freedom and equality school

## Radical Equality Language

- Marxism
- Language criticizing liberalism
  - Exploitation
  - Surplus value
    - And with regard to Third World development
      - Unequal exchange
      - Dependency theory
      - Imperialism
      - Unequal terms of trade
      - Core
      - Periphery

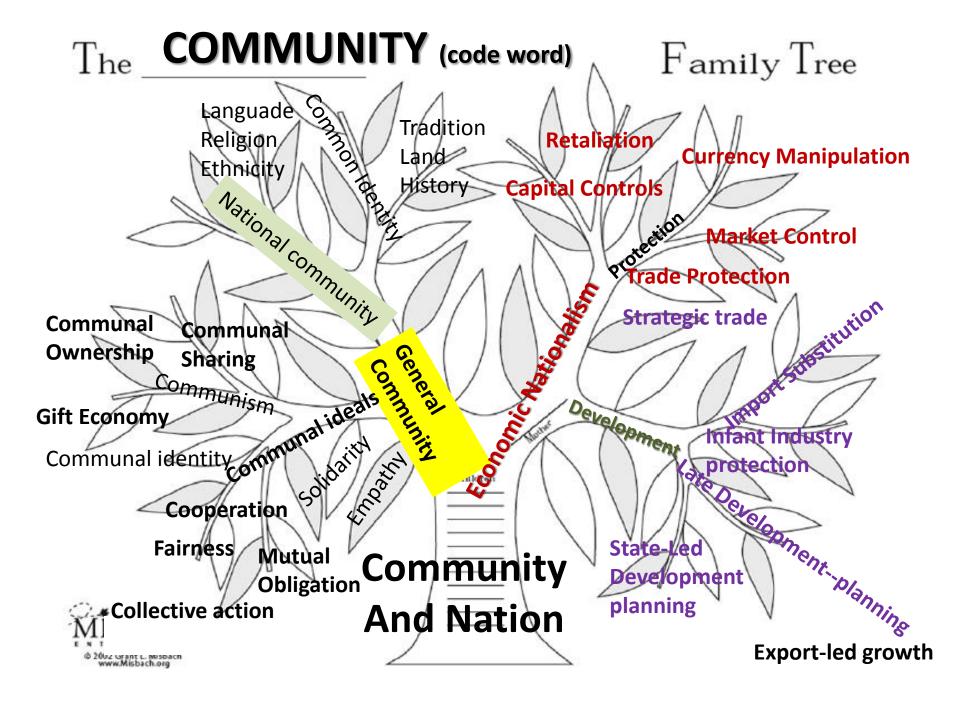
# ...and policies to bring about "radical equality"

- Death of Capitalism and the "Free Market"
- Revolution
- Central Planning
- Communal ownership of property
- Gift economy
- Communal sharing
- Kibbutz?



#### The Political Economy of Community: The Family

- Community: General Characteristics
  - Common identity
  - Mutual Obligation
  - Cooperation and successful collective action
- Radical community: Communism
  - Communal Sharing
  - Common property ownership
- Nationalism
  - Common Land, religion, language, ethnicity, religion, history, tradition, myths, or some combination
- Economic Nationalism
  - General
    - Protectionism
      - Tariffs
      - Currency controls
      - Capital controls
      - Regaliation
    - Market control
      - Currency manipulation
      - Dumping
      - Strategic trade
  - For developing countries:
    - ISI and Infant Industry protection
    - State-Led Development
    - Export orientation with market control
    - planning



## Scenerios for the Future: How can our theories help?

On a local or national scale

Use the market as a tool

Redistribute income

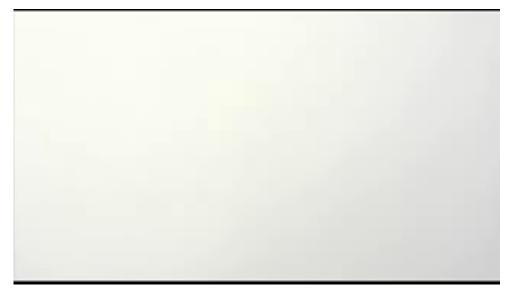
Reduce the realm where money matters

On a global scale

Embedded liberalism and embedded environmentalism

Redistribute income globally

**Empathic civilization** 



## II I. Theories and the Business Cycle in 20th and 21<sup>st</sup> century History

